Research **P**aper

International Journal of Agricultural Engineering / Volume 10 | Issue 1 | April, 2017 | 186-190

🖈 e ISSN-0976-7223 🔳 Visit us : www.researchjournal.co.in 📕 DOI: 10.15740/HAS/IJAE/10.1/186-190

Effect of planting methods on cane yield, water productivity and economics of spring planted sugarcane (*Saccharum officinarum* L.) in Ambala (Haryana)

GURU PREM, RAMESH KUMAR, VIKRAM D. SINGH, AMIT KUMAR, RAKESH CHOUDHARY AND AFZAL AHMAD

Received : 28.02.2017; Revised : 19.03.2017; Accepted : 27.03.2017

See end of the Paper for authors' affiliation

Correspondence to :

GURU PREM Krishi Vigyan Kendra, AMBALA (HARYANA) INDIA Email : gpgrover79@gmail. com ■ ABSTRACT : An experiment was conducted at farm of Krishi Vigyan Kendra-Ambala to assess the impact of different planting methods of sugarcane *i.e.* planting methods viz., T_1 -conventional planting (60 cm row spacing), T_2 -paired row trench plantation method (60:120 cm spacing) and T_3 paired row ridge and furrow plantation method (100:120 cm spacing) on cane yield, water productivity and economics. The cane yield in conventional planting (T_1) was 77.53 t ha⁻¹, 82.50 t ha⁻¹ in paired row trench plantation technique (T_2), and 86.20 t ha⁻¹ in paired row ridge and furrow plantation technique (T_3), which was significantly higher in T_3 than in (T_1) and (T_2). The water productivity was 2.82 in T_1 , 3.37 in T_2 and 3.79 in T_3 , respectively. The gross return in farmer practice, paired row trench and modified paired row plantation method was 175150.00 Rs. ha⁻¹, 186450 and 194812 Rs. ha⁻¹, respectively. Simultaneously, the BCR was high in paired row trench plantation (2.70) and paired row ridge and furrow plantation method (2.90) than 2.30 in conventional planting.

■ KEY WORDS : Sugarcane planting methods, Yield, Water productivity, Economics

■ HOW TO CITE THIS PAPER : Prem, Guru, Kumar, Ramesh, Singh, Vikram D., Kumar, Amit, Choudhary, Rakesh and Ahmad, Afzal (2017). Effect of planting methods on cane yield, water productivity and economics of spring planted sugarcane (*Saccharum officinarum* L.) in Ambala (Haryana). *Internat. J. Agric. Engg.*, **10**(1) : 186-190, DOI: **10.15740/HAS/IJAE/10.1/186-190**.